Public Act 21-35

S.B. 1, An Act Equalizing Comprehensive Access to Mental, Behavioral and Physical Health Care in Response to the Pandemic.



Section 1: Declares racism a public health crisis in the state of Connecticut.

Section 2: Creates the Commission on Racial Equity in Public Health.

Section 3: Requires the Commission to establish a strategic plan.

Section 4: Defines "structural racism" and outlines the work of the Commission.

Section 5: The Department of Public Health (DPH) must study how to develop & implement a recruitment & retention plan for health care workers who are people of color.

Section 6: The Department of Energy & Environmental Protection (DEEP) must assess racial equity in its environmental health quality programs.









Section 7: Defines "cultural humility" & requires the Office of Higher Education (OHE), Board of Regents for Higher Education, & Board of Trustees of UCONN to evaluate recruitment & retention of people of color in health care programs & make recommendations, including re: adding cultural humility to curricula.

Section 8: The Commission on Women, Children, Seniors, Equity, & Opportunity's annual report must include the status of racial and ethnic impact statements.

Section 9: Creates a gun violence intervention & prevention advisory committee to advise the Public Health and Human Services committees of the Connecticut General Assembly (CGA).

Section 10: Requires DPH to study the state's COVID response & make recommendations for future communicable disease pandemics.

Section 11: Any state agency, board, or commission collecting race, ethnicity, & language (REL) data must collect it using standard, granular categories & following best practices. Health care providers participating in the state's Health Information Exchange (HIE) also have to use & report on these categories.

Public Act 21-35

S.B. 1, An Act Equalizing Comprehensive Access to Mental, Behavioral and Physical Health Care in Response to the Pandemic.



Section 12: Requires the maternal mortality review committee to annually report to the Public Health Committee with recommendations on eliminating disparities in maternal health.

Section 13: Requires hospitals to offer implicit bias training for people who provide direct care during pregnancy and the postpartum period.

Section 14: Creates a working group in the Public Health Committee on breast health.

Section 15: defines "doula" and requires DPH to conduct a scope of practice review study and to submit a recommendation to the CGA to determine whether or not to create a doula certification process.



Section 16: Creates a working group to make recommendations re: expansion of School-Based Health Centers (SBHCs).

Section 17: The Department of Mental Health & Addiction Services (DMHAS) must increase the hours during which mobile crisis services are available.

Section 18: Creates a peer support specialist task force.









Section 19: Requires DMHAS to develop a COVID-19-related mental health toolkit for employers.

Section 20: Requires DPH to appoint health directors if a town has a vacancy during a public health emergency and does not fill it quickly.

Section 21: Requires DPH to implement loan repayment for community-based primary care providers.